



Terms of Reference for Audit Committee

1. Membership

- (a) The Company shall establish an audit committee comprising non-executive directors only. The audit committee must comprise a minimum of three members, at least one of whom is an independent non-executive director with appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required under rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules.
- (b) The majority of the audit committee members must be independent non-executive directors.
- (c) The audit committee must be chaired by an independent non-executive director.

2. Attendance at Meetings

- (a) The Vice President – Finance, Financial Controller and a representative of the external auditors shall normally attend meetings.
- (b) The company secretary shall be the secretary of the meetings.

3. Frequency of Meetings

- (a) Meetings shall be held at least twice a year to monitor integrity of financial statements of the Company and the Company's annual report and accounts as well as half-year report.
- (b) If the Company also publish quarterly reports, at least two additional meetings shall be held in a year.
- (c) The external auditors may request a meeting if they consider that is necessary.

4. Duties

Relationship with the Company's auditors

- (a) to be primarily responsible for making recommendation to the board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor, and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of resignation or dismissal of that auditor;
- (b) to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standard. The audit committee should discuss with the auditor the nature and scope of the audit and reporting obligations before the audit commences;
- (c) to develop and implement policy on the engagement of an external auditor to supply non-audit services. For this purpose, external auditor shall include any entity that is under common control, ownership or management with the audit firm or any entity that a reasonable and informed third party having knowledge of all relevant information would reasonably conclude as part of the audit firm nationally or internationally. The audit committee should report to the board, identifying any matters in respect of which it considers that action or improvement is needed and making recommendations as to the steps to be taken;

Review of financial information of the Company

- (d) to monitor integrity of financial statements of the Company and the Company's annual report and accounts, half-year report and, if prepared for publication, quarterly reports, and to review significant financial reporting judgements contained in them. In this regard, in reviewing the Company's annual report and accounts, half-year report and, if prepared for publication, quarterly reports before submission to the board, the committee should focus particularly on:-
 - (i) any changes in accounting policies and practices;
 - (ii) major judgmental areas;
 - (iii) significant adjustments resulting from audit;
 - (iv) the going concern assumptions and any qualifications;
 - (v) compliance with accounting standards; and
 - (vi) compliance with the Exchange Listing Rules and other legal requirements in relation to financial reporting;
- (e) In regard to (d) above:-
 - (i) members of the committee must liaise with the Company's board of directors and senior management and the committee must meet, at least once a year, with the Company's auditors; and
 - (ii) the committee should consider any significant or unusual items that are, or may need to be, reflected in such reports and accounts and must give due consideration to any matters that have been raised by the Company's staff responsible for the accounting and financial reporting function, compliance officer or auditors;

Oversight of the Company's financial reporting system and internal control procedures

- (f) to review the Company's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems;
- (g) to discuss with the management the system of internal control and ensure that management has discharged its duty to have an effective internal control system including the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget;
- (h) to consider any findings of major investigations of internal control matters as delegated by the board or on its own initiative and management's response;
- (i) where an internal audit function exists, to ensure co-ordination between the internal and external auditors, and to ensure that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the Company, and to review and monitor the effectiveness of the internal audit function;
- (j) to review the group's financial and accounting policies and practices;
- (k) to review the external auditor's management letter, any material queries raised by the auditor to management in respect of the accounting records, financial accounts or systems of control and management's response;
- (l) to ensure that the board will provide a timely response to the issues raised in the external auditor's management letter;
- (m) to report to the board on the matters set out in the code provision in paragraph C.3.3 of Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules; and
- (n) to consider other topics, as defined by the board.

5. Reporting Procedures

The secretary shall circulate all minutes of meetings and reports of the audit committee to all members of the board of directors.